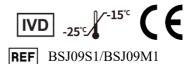
Mycoplasma Pneumoniae Nucleic Acid Detection Kit (Fluorescent PCR)

Instructions for Use

Effective Date: Jan 10, 2022 For professional use only. For in vitro diagnostic use only.



INTENDED USE

Mycoplasma Pneumoniae Nucleic Acid Detection Kit (Fluorescent PCR) is used for the qualitative detection of the Mycoplasma Pneumoniae (MP) in specimens of pharyngeal swabs from suspected cases. The kit is used for the auxiliary diagnosis and epidemiological surveillance of MP infection, cannot be used as the basis for the diagnosis or exclusion of cases alone.

For professional use only.

For in vitro diagnostic use only.

PRINCIPLE

This product selects the p1 (FAM) region of MP and designs a pair of primers and a fluorescent probe. The primer and probe can specifically bind to the target sequence. When the PCR amplification reaction is performed, the fluorescent signal(s) can be detected by a full-automatic fluorescent PCR detector to realize real-time online monitoring of the PCR reaction.

The reaction system of this kit contains the dUTP-UDG enzyme anti-pollution system to avoid false positive results; at the same time, in order to control the entire extraction and detection process, human gene was act as a non-competitive internal control during the extraction and detection process.

COMPONENTS

Components		Main In andiants	BSJ09S1	BSJ09M1
		Main Ingredients	24 tests/kit	48 tests/kit
Amplific ation	MP PCR Reaction Buffer	Tris-HCl, dNTPs, Mg ²⁺ , Taq DNA polymerase, UDG	312μL×1	624μL×1
reagent	MP Primer / Probe Mix	Specific primers and probes	48μL×1	96μL×1

Control	MP Positive Control	Plasmid with specific gene and internal reference gene	1mL×1	1mL×1
	Negative Control	Plasmid with internal reference gene	1mL×1	1mL×1

- a. The positive control and negative control need to be set to monitor the test body and the operating environment; the negative control and positive control have been packaged in the kit.
- b. The components of different lots cannot be mixed for use.
- c. Equipment or materials required but not provided: Specimen collection kits, Nucleic acid extraction kits; PCR tubes and caps, etc.

APPLIED INSTRUMENT

The kit can be applied to Hangzhou Bioer Technology Co., Ltd. Fluorescence Quantitative Detection System, LineGene 9600 Plus (FQD-96A) or QuantGene 9600 (FQD-96C). The instrument should contain at least two channels of FAM and CY5.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- For in vitro diagnostic use (IVD). For professional use only.
- Read the Instructions for Use carefully before operation. The appropriate operations from specimen collection, storage and transportation, and laboratory test should be strictly manipulated in line with relevant regulations of biosafety and molecular laboratory management.
- Follow standard precautions. All patient specimens and positive controls should be considered potentially infectious and handled accordingly.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics or handle contact lenses in areas where reagents and human specimens are handled.
- Perform all manipulations of live virus samples within a Class II (or higher) biological safety cabinet (BSC). Handling samples in the biosafety cabinet, to ensure operator safety and avoid environmental pollution. Place harmful samples and reagents properly. Discard the waste in special containers. Wipe the table, centrifuge, and equipment frequently with 1.0% sodium hypochlorite or 70 % ethanol. The laboratory and the ultra-clean workbench need UV-treated periodically and after each experiment.
- All the articles in each district are for special use which cannot allow to be exchanged for avoiding pollution. The workbench should be cleaned immediately after the completion of each experiment.
- Use disposable gloves without fluorescent substances, disposable special centrifuge tubes, etc.

- Use personal protective equipment such as (but not limited to) gloves, eye
 protection, and lab coats when handling kit reagents, while performing this assay
 and handling materials including samples, reagents, pipettes, and other equipment
 and reagents.
- The false positive or negative testing result can be led by poor quality of specimen, incorrect operations in sample collection, transportation or laboratory processing, or limitation of the technology. Operator should understand well the principles of the procedures and its limitation in performance in advance and avoid any potential mistakes intentionally.
- Amplification technologies such as PCR are sensitive to accidental introduction of PCR product from previous amplification reactions. Incorrect results could occur if either the clinical specimen or the real-time reagents used in the amplification step become contaminated by accidental introduction of amplification product.
- Separate laboratory areas are recommended to performing predefined procedures of the assay. Area I: Reagent preparation area-reagent required for preparing amplification. Area II: Sample processing area-processing of tested samples and controls. Area III: PCR detection region-PCR amplification detection.
- The separation of the reaction solution should avoid the generation of air bubbles as far as possible. Before the amplification, pay attention to check whether the caps of each reaction tube are tightened to avoid contaminating instrument.
- Samples should be completely put into the reaction solution when adding samples.
 No samples should adhere to the tube wall and the cap should be tightened as soon as possible after adding samples.
- Both the kit and nucleic acid products are all stored at -20 °C. Before using, they should be fully thaw out at room temperature, mixed and then instantaneous briefly centrifugation. Nucleic acid should be maintained on cold-block or on ice during preparation and use to ensure stability.
- After amplification, please take out the reaction tube immediately, seal it in the special plastic bag, put it in the designated place, and wait for unified treatment.
- Dispose of used / unused kit reagents and human specimens according to local, state, and federal regulations.

STORAGE AND PERIOD OF VALIDITY

- 1. The kit should be stored at -25°C \sim -15°C, and avoid repeated freeze-thaw. The kit can be stored for 5 days at 2-8°C after opening.
- 2. The kit can be stored for up to 12 months if all components are kept in the manner above. Do not use after the stated expiry date.
- 3. The kit can be transported in foam box sealed with ice bags or dry ice at 2-8°C or lower.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION, STORAGE, AND TRANSPORTATION

1. Specimens: Pharyngeal swabs

- 2. Collection: Specimens of all types are collected by conventional methods.
- 3. Storage: It is recommended that specimens be processed as soon as possible after collection. If specimens are not processed immediately, they should be stored at 2-8°C for up to 24 hours. If a delayed processing is expected, the specimens should be stored at -70°C or lower. Specimens should not be frozen and thawed frequently.
- 4. Transportation: Specimen should be transported with 0°C curling bottle or foam box sealed with ice.

SPECIMEN PRETREATMENT (SPECIMEN DISPOSAL AREA)

Follow the instructions of the nucleic acid extraction and purification kit.

For Automatic extraction: It is recommended to use MagaBio plus Virus DNA/RNA Purification Kit III (Cat: BSC86) to purify the nucleic acid with Gene Pure Series Nucleic acid extractor.



Note: The negative control, positive control and unknown specimen need to be tested in the same experiment.

It's recommended to prepare the reagent ahead of specimen pretreatment to ensure that the reagents are not contaminated.

USING OF THE KIT PCR REACTION (PCR TEST AREA)

1) Reagent prepares

Thaw out the reagents at room temperature. Mix gently and centrifuge all reagents for a few seconds.

Make PCR reagents according to the quantity of specimens and controls as below (N means the number of **specimens and controls**):

Reagents	MP PCR Reaction Buffer	MP Primer/Probe Mix
Dosage/ test	13μL	2μL
Dosage	(N+1) ×13μL	$(N+1) \times 2\mu L$

Distribute $15\mu L$ mixed PCR reagents into each PCR tubes, and then transfer the reaction plate to sample processing area.

2) Adding sample

Add $10\mu L$ negative control, $10\mu L$ extracted product, $10\mu L$ positive control into different PCR tubes. Cap the PCR tubes immediately to prevent cross contamination.



Note: Do not label on the scanned area of the reaction tubes!

3) PCR reaction

Place the reaction tubes on a PCR instrument.

It is recommended to choose FAM and CY5 channels to collect fluorescent signals.

Set fluorescent signals detecting at 60°C, liquid volume is 25μL.

Set reaction procedure as below:

Step	Temperature	Duration	Number of cycles
1	37°C	2 min	1
2	95°C	1 min	1
3	95°C	5 sec	45
	60°C	10 sec	43

QUALITY CONTROL STANDARDS

Expected performances of controls are as below:

Control	FAM	CY5	Interpretation of Test Results
Positive Control	Ct Value≤35	Ct Value≤35	All requirements are met in the same experiment, indicating
Negative Control	No Ct Value	Ct Value≤35	that the experiment is valid, otherwise it is invalid.

RESULT ANALYSIS AND JUDGMENTS

Expected performances of specimens are as below:

FAM (MP)		CY5 (Internal Control)	Result Judgment
Ct Value ≤39.7		No specific requirement	MP nucleic acid Positive.
Ct Value >39.7 or r Value	o Ct	Ct Value ≤40	MP nucleic acid Negative.
Ct Value >39.7 or r Value	io Ct	Ct Value > 40 or no Ct Value	Invalid, re-sample.

NOTE:

When the specimen test result is suspicious, it needs to be re-extracted and tested again.

LIMITATIONS

- 1. The kit is only used for the qualitative detection the presence of Mycoplasma Pneumoniae in specimens. Neither the quantitative value nor the rate of increase can be determined by the qualitative test.
- 2. The results of the test are just for clinical reference. The test should not be used as sole criteria for diagnosis. Results should be considered in conjunction with the clinical information and other data available to the physician. Negative result does not preclude MP infection and should not be used as the sole basis

- for the diagnosis, treatment or other patient management decisions. The result should not use for monitoring treatment of MP.
- 3. An incorrect result may occur by incorrect operation in sample collection, transportation or processing.
- 4. A false negative result may occur by very low concentration of Mycoplasma Pneumoniae in the specimens, mutations within the Mycoplasma Pneumoniae's genome covered by the kit's primers and/or probe, and unproved external interference factors, such as PCR inhibitor.
- 5. False-positive results may occur by aerosol pollution.
- 6. For any suspected cases, it is recommended to re-extract and/or retest with a new lot of kit or confirmed with another available method.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

- ★ Limit of Detection (LoD): The positive reference material was diluted into 500 copies/mL, 200 copies/mL, 150 copies/mL and 100 copies/mL, then were tested by 3 lots of kits. Each concentration was tested with 20 replicates. The testing data demonstrated that the kit can detect MP with detection rate equal or higher than 95% at the concentration equal or higher than 200 copies/mL.
- ★ Analytical sensitivity: Positive reference materials and negative reference materials were tested by 3 lots of kits. The positive coincidence rate was 100%, and the negative coincidence rate was 100%.
- ★ Analytical specificity: No cross reactivity has been observed by testing the clinical positive specimens such as Ureaplasma Urealyticum, Influenza A (H1N1), Influenza B (Victoria), Respiratory Syncytial Virus A/B, Parainfluenza Type 3, Chlamydia Pneumoniae, Adenovirus Type 7, Legionella Pneumophila, Klebsiella Pneumonia, Bacillus Pertussis, Measles Virus, Human Metapneumovirus A2, Human Boca Virus, Haemophilus Influenzae, Coxsackie A24, Coxsackie B1, Aspergillus Flavus, Enterovirus EV70, Enterovirus EV71, Catamora Bacteria, Oral Streptococcus, Streptococcus Pneumoniae, Parainfluenza Type 1, Rhinovirus A2, Rhinovirus A30, Rhinovirus B52, Staphylococcus Aureus, and Human genomic DNA.
- ★ Analytical specificity: The potentially interfering substances were spiked into positive control, then tests were performed by 3 lots of kits. The tested substances Blood (10%), Mucins (0.2mg/mL), Nasal secretions (15%), Oxymetazoline (0.5mg/L), Sodium chloride (0.09%), Dexamethasone (0.1mg/L), Triamcinolone acetonide (105ng/mL), Budesonide (3nmol/L), Mometasone (0.03%), Fluticasone (0.5ng/mL), Ribavirin (3680ng/mL), Oseltamivir (1275μg/L), Levofloxacin (5μg/mL), Azithromycin (0.4mg/L), Tobramycin (3.7μg/mL), Phenylephrine (0.5mg/mL), Beclomethasone (0.2mg/L), Flunisolide (1mg/mL),

Histamine hydrochloride (1mg/mL), Zanamivir (142ng/mL), Peramivir (100 μ g/mL), Lopinavir (25 μ g/mL), Ritonavir (25 μ g/mL), Arbidol (614.1ng/mL), Ceftriaxone (80 μ g/mL), Meropenem (100 μ g/mL) showed no influence on the detection.

★ Precision: Positive reference materials and low positive reference materials were tested by 3 lots of kits with 10 replicates by 2 operators for 20 days. The results showed that the variation coefficient (CV) of within-day, between-day, within-batch and between-batch were less than 5%.

REFERENCES

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- [2] Ken B Waites, Mitchell F Balish, T Prescott Atkinson. New insights into the pathogenesis and detection of Mycoplasma pneumoniae infections[J]. Future Microbiology, 2008, 3(6):635-648.
- [3] Dumke R, Jacobs E. Evaluation of Five Real-Time PCR Assays for Detection of Mycoplasma pneumoniae[J]. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 2014, 52(11):4078-81.

SYMBOL DESCRIPTION

	Manufacturer	REF	Catalogue number
(€	CE mark	EC REP	Authorized representative in the European community
LOT	Batch code	}=	Consult instructions for use
IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device	*	Temperature limitation
\triangle	Caution		Use by date
CONTROL +	Positive Control	CONTROL -	Negative Control





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