

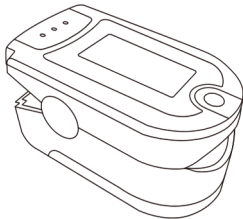


A&D Medical

PULSE OXIMETER

UP-200

Instruction Manual



Instructions to User

Dear users, thank you very much for purchasing the Pulse Oximeter (hereinafter referred to as device). This Manual is written and compiled in accordance with the council directive MDD93/42/ EEC for medical devices and harmonized standards. In case of modifications and software upgrades, the information contained in this document is subject to change without notice. It is a medical device, which can be used repeatedly. The Manual describes, in accordance with the device's features and requirements, main structure, functions, specifications, correct methods for transportation, installation, usage, operation, repair, maintenance and storage, etc. as well as the safety procedures to protect both the user and device. Refer to the respective chapters for details. Please read the User Manual carefully before using this device. The User Manual which describes the operating procedures should be followed strictly. Failure to follow the User Manual may cause measuring abnormality, device damage and human injury. The manufacturer is NOT responsible for the safety, reliability and performance issues and any monitoring abnormality, human injury and device damage due to users' negligence of the operation instructions. The manufacturer's warranty service does not cover such faults. Owing to the forthcoming renovation, the specific products you received may not be totally in accordance with the description of this User Manual. We would sincerely regret for that. Our company has the final interpretation to this manual. The content of this manual is subject to change without prior notice.

Warnings

Remind that it may cause serious consequences to tester, user or environment.

- M Explosive hazard—DO NOT use the device in environment with inflammable gas such as anesthetic.
- M DO NOT use the device while examining by MRI or CT, as the induced current may cause burn.
- M Do not take the information displayed on the device as the sole basis for clinical diagnosis. The device is only used as an auxiliary means in diagnosis. And it must be used in conjunction with doctor's advice, clinical manifestations and symptoms.
- M The maintenance to the device. Users are not permitted to maintain or rent the device by themselves.
- M Uncomfortable or painful feeling may appear if using the device ceaselessly, especially for the microcirculation disturbance users. It is not recommended that the sensor is used on the same finger for more than 2 hours.
- M For some special users who need a more careful inspection on the test site, please don't place the device on the edema or tender tissue.
- M Please do not stare at the red and infrared light emitter (the infrared light is invisible) after turning on the device, including the maintenance staff, as it may be harmful to the eyes.
- M The device contains silicone, PVC, TPU, TPE and ABS materials, whose biocompatibility has been tested in accordance with the requirements in ISO 10993-1, and it has passed the recommended biocompatibility test. The person who is allergic to silicone, PVC, TPU, TPE or ABS can not use this device.
- M Do NOT strand the lanyard to avoid device drop and damage. The lanyard is made of

insensitive material. Please do not use it if any person is allergic to lanyard. Do not wrap the lanyard around neck to avoid an accident.

- M The disposal of scrap device, its accessories and packaging should follow the local laws and regulations, to avoid polluting to the local environment. And the packaging materials must be placed in the region where the children are out of reaching.
- M The device can not be used with the equipment not specified in the Manual. Only the accessories appointed or recommended by the manufacturer can be used, otherwise it may cause injury to the tester and operator or damage to the device.
- M Check the device before use to make sure that there is no visible damage that may affect user's safety and device performance. When there is obvious damage, please replace the damaged parts before use.
- M Functional testers can not be used to assess the accuracy of the Pulse Oximeter.
- M Some functional testers or patient simulators can be used to verify whether the device works normally, for example, INDEX-2LFE Simulator (software version: 3.00), please refer to the Manual for the detailed operation steps.
- M Some functional testers or patient simulators can measure the accuracy of the device copied calibration curve, but they can not be used to evaluate the device accuracy.
- M When using the device, please keep it away from the equipment which can generate strong electric field or strong magnetic field. Using the device in an inappropriate environment may cause interference to the surrounding radio equipment or affect its working.
- M When storing the device, keep it away from children, pets and insects to avoid affecting its performance.

- M Do not place the device in places exposed to direct sunlight, high temperature, humidity, dust, cotton wool or easy to splash water, to avoid affecting its performance.
- M The measured accuracy will be affected by the interference of electrosurgical equipment.
- M When several products are used on the same patient simultaneously, danger may occur which is arisen from the overlap of leakage current.
- M CO poisoning will appear excessive estimation, so it is not recommended to use the device.
- M This device is not intended for treatment.
- M The intended operator of the device may be a user.
- M Avoid maintaining the device during using.
- M Users should read the product manual carefully before use and operate according to the requirements.

1. Overview

The oxygen saturation is the percentage of HbO₂ in the total Hb in the blood, so-called the O₂ concentration in the blood, it is an important physiological parameter for the respiratory and circulatory system. A number of diseases related to respiratory system may cause the decrease of SpO₂ in the blood, furthermore, some other causes such as the malfunction of human body's self-adjustment, damages during surgery, and the injuries caused by some medical checkup would also lead to the difficulty of oxygen supply in human body, and the corresponding symptoms would appear as a consequence, such as vertigo, impotence, vomit etc. Serious symptoms might bring danger to human's life. Therefore, prompt information of patients' SpO₂ is of great help for the doctor to discover the potential danger, and is of great importance in the clinical medical field. Insert the finger when measuring, the device will directly display the SpO₂ value measured, it has a higher accuracy and repeatability.

1.1 Features

- A. Easy to use.
- B. Small in volume, light in weight, convenient to carry.
- C. Low power consumption.

1.2 Intended purpose

The Pulse Oximeter can be used in measuring the pulse oxygen saturation and pulse rate through finger. The product is suitable for being used in family, hospital, oxygen bar, community healthcare, physical care in sports (It can be used before or after doing sports, and it is not recommended to use the device during the process of having sport) and etc.

1.3 Environment requirements

Storage Environment

- a) Temperature: $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +60^{\circ}\text{C}$
- b) Relative humidity: $\leq 95\%$
- c) Atmospheric pressure: $500\text{ hPa} \sim 1060\text{ hPa}$

Operating Environment

- a) Temperature: $+10^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +40^{\circ}\text{C}$
- b) Relative Humidity: $\leq 75\%$
- c) Atmospheric pressure: $700\text{ hPa} \sim 1060\text{ hPa}$

1.4 Precautions

1.4.1 Attention

Point out conditions or practices that may cause damage to the device or other properties.

- % Before using the device, make sure that it locates in normal working state and operating environment.
- % In order to get a more accurate measurement, it should be used in a quiet and comfortable environment.
- % When it is carried from cold or hot environment to warm or humid environment, please do not use it immediately, wait four hours at least is recommended.
- % If the device is splashed or coagulated by water, please stop operating. DO NOT operate the device with sharp things. High temperature, high pressure, gas sterilizing or immersion disinfection for the device is not permitted. Refer to User Manual in the relative chapter (6.1) for cleaning
- %

and disinfection..Please take out the internal battery before cleaning and disinfection.

- % The product is suitable for adults.
- % The device may not be suitable for all users, if you can't get a satisfactory result, please stop using it.
- % Data averaging and signal processing have a delay in the upgrade of SpO2 data values. When the data update period is less than 30 seconds, the time for obtaining dynamic average values will increase, which is arisen from signal degradation, low perfusion or other interference, it depends on the PR value.
- % The device has 3-year service life, date of manufacture: see the label.
- % The device hasn't low-voltage prompt function, it only shows the low-voltage, please change the battery when the battery voltage is used up.
- % The maximum temperature at the SpO2 probe -tissue interface should be less than 41°C which is measured by the temperature tester.
- % During measuring, when abnormal conditions appear on the screen, please pull out your finger and reinsert it to measure again.
- % If some unknown error appears during measuring, remove the battery to terminate operating.
- % Do not contort or drag the wire of the device.
- % The plethysmographic waveform is not normalized, as a signal inadequacy indicator, when it is not smooth and stable, the accuracy of the measured value may degrade. When it tends to be smooth and stable, the measured value read is the optimal and the waveform at this time is also the most standard.
- % If the device or component is intended for single-use, then the repeated use of these

parts will pose risks on the parameters and technical parameters of the equipment known to the manufacturer.

- % If necessary, our company can provide some information (such as circuit diagrams, component lists, illustrations, etc.), so that the qualified technical personnel of the user can repair the device components designated by our company.
- % The measured results will be influenced by the external colouring agent (such as nail polish, colouring agent or color skin care products, etc.), so don't use them on the test site.
- % As to the fingers which are too cold or too thin or whose fingernail is too long, it may affect the measured results, so please insert the thicker finger such as thumb or middle finger deeply enough into the probe when measuring.
- % The finger should be placed correctly (see Attached figure 5), as improper installation or improper contact position for sensor will influence the measurement.
- % The light between the photoelectric receiving tube and the light-emitting tube of the device must pass through the subject's arteriole. Make sure the optical path is free from any optical obstacles like rubberized fabric, to avoid inaccurate results.
- % Excessive ambient light may affect the measured results, such as surgical light (especially xenon light sources), bilirubin lamp, fluorescent lamp, infrared heater and direct sunlight, etc. In order to prevent interference from ambient light, make sure to place the sensor properly and cover the sensor with opaque material. Frequent movement (active or passive) of the subject or severe activity can affect the measured accuracy.
- % The Pulse Oximeter should not be placed on a limb with the blood pressure cuff, arte-

rial ductus or intraluminal tube.

- % The measured value may be inaccurate during defibrillation and in a short period after defibrillation, as it has not defibrillation function.
- % The device has been calibrated before leaving factory.
- % The device is calibrated to display functional oxygen saturation.
- % The equipment connected with the Oximeter interface should comply with the requirements of IEC 60601-1.

1.4.2 Clinical restriction

A. As the measure is taken on the basis of arteriole pulse, substantial pulsating blood flow of subject is required. For a subject with weak pulse due to shock, low ambient/body temperature, major bleeding, or use of vascular contracting drug, the SpO2 waveform (PLETH) will decrease. In this case, the measurement will be more sensitive to interference.

B. The measurement will be influenced by intravascular staining agents (such as indocyanine green or methylene blue), skin pigmentation.

C. The measured value may be normal seemingly for the tester who has anemia or dysfunctional hemoglobin (such as carboxyhaemoglobin (COHb), methaemoglobin (MetHb) and sulfhaemoglobin (SuHb)), but the tester may appear hypoxia, it is recommended to perform further assessment according to the clinical situations and symptoms.

D. Pulse oxygen only has a reference meaning for anemia and toxic hypoxia, as some severe anemia patients still show better pulse oxygen measured value.

E. Contraindication:

- a. The person who is allergic to silicone, PVC, TPU TPE or ABS can not use this device.
- b. The damaged skin tissue can't be measured.

- c. During cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
- d. When the patient is hypovolemic.
- e. For assessing the adequacy of ventilatory support.
- f. For detecting worsening lung function in patients on a high concentration of oxygen.

1.5 Clinical indications

The Pulse Oximeter can be used in measuring the pulse oxygen saturation and pulse rate through finger.

2. Principle

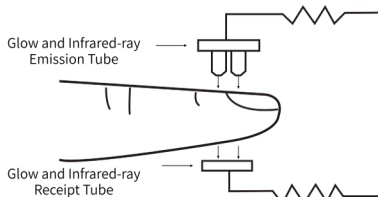


Figure 1 Operating principle

Principle of the Oximeter is as follows: An experience formula of data process is established taking use of Lambert Beer Law according to Spectrum Absorption Characteristics of Reductive Hemoglobin (Hb) and Oxyhemoglobin (HbO₂) in glow & near-infrared zones. Operation principle of the device is: Photoelectric Oxyhemoglobin Inspection Technology

is adopted in accordance with Capacity Pulse Scanning & Recording Technology, so that two beams of different wavelength of lights can be focused onto human nail tip through perspective clamp finger-type sensor. Then measured signal can be obtained by a photo-sensitive element, information acquired through which will be shown on screen through treatment in electronic circuits and microprocessor.

3. Functions

A. SpO2 value display

B. PR value and bar graph display

C. Pulse waveform display

D. Low-battery indication: low-battery indication appears when the battery voltage is too low to work

E. Automatic standby function

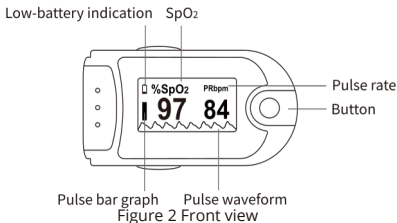
F. Display mode can be changed

G. Adjustable screen brightness

H. Display direction can be changed automatically

4. Installation

4.1 View of the Front Panel



4.2 Battery

Step 1. Refer to Figure 3 and insert the two AAA size batteries properly in the right direction.

Step 2. Replace the cover.

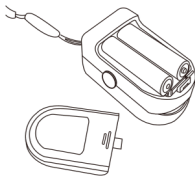


Figure 3 Batteries installation

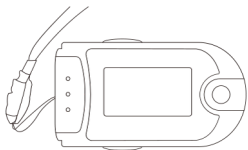


Figure 4 Mounting the hanging rope



Please take care when you insert the batteries for the improper insertion may damage the device.

4.3 Mounting the Hanging Rope

Step 1. Put the end of the rope through the hole refer to Figure 4 .

Step 2. Put another end of the rope through the first one and then tighten it.

4.4 Structure, accessories

A. Structure: main unit.

B. Accessories: one User Manual, One hanging rope, Two batteries(optional).



Please check the device and accessories according to the list to avoid that the device can not work normally.

5. Operating Guide

- 1) Insert the two batteries properly to the direction, and then replace the cover.
- 2) Open the clip as shown in Figure 5.

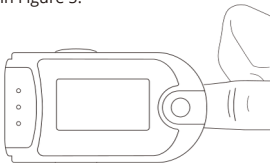


Figure 5 Put finger in position

- 3) Let the patient's finger put into the rubber cushions of the clip (make sure the finger is in the right position), and then clip the finger.
Press the button once on front panel.
- 4) Do not shake the finger and keep the patient at ease during the process. Meanwhile,
- 5) human body is not recommended in movement status.
Get the information directly from screen display.
- 6) When the device is in operation status, the display mode can be changed.
- 7) When the device is in standby mode, pressing the button can exit it; When the device
- 8) is in operation status, pressing the button long can change brightness of the screen.
Under non-measurement state, it will enter standby mode automatically when there is no operation within 5s.



Fingernails and the luminescent tube should be on the same side.

6. Maintain, Transport and Storage








6.1 Cleaning and disinfection The device must be turned off before cleaning, and it should not be immersed into liquid. Please take out the internal battery before cleaning, do not immerse it into liquid. Use 75% alcohol to wipe the device enclosure, nature dry or clean it with clean and soft cloth. Do not spray any liquid on the device directly, and avoid liquid penetrating into the device. **6.2 Maintenance** A. Check the main unit and all accessories periodically to make sure that there is no visible damage that may affect patient's safety and monitoring performance. It is recommended that the device should be inspected weekly at least. When there is obvious damage, stop using it. B. Please clean and disinfect the device before/after using it according to the User Manual (6.1). C. Please replace the batteries in time when low-battery appears. D. Please take out the batteries if the device is not used for a long time. E. The device need not to be calibrated during maintenance. **6.3 Transport and Storage** A. The packed device can be transported by ordinary conveyance or according to transport contract. During transportation, avoid strong shock, vibration and splashing with rain or snow, and it can not be transported mixed with toxic, harmful, corrosive material.













B. The packed device should be stored in room with no corrosive gases and good ventilation. Temperature: -40°C~+60°C; Relative humidity: ≤95%.

7. Troubleshooting

Trouble	Possible Reason	Solution
The values can not be displayed normally or stably.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) The finger is not properly inserted. 2) The finger is shaking or the patient is moving. 3) The device is not used in environment required by the manual. 4) The device works abnormally. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Please insert the finger properly and measure again. 2) Let the patient keep calm. 3) Please use the device in normal environment. 4) Please contact the after-sales.
The device can not be turned on	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) The battery is drained away or almost drained away. 2) The battery is installed incorrectly. 3) The device's malfunction. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Please change batteries. 2) Please Install the battery again. 3) Please contact the local service center.
The display disappears suddenly.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) The device enters into the energy saving mode. 2) Low battery. 3) The device works abnormally. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Normal. Please change batteries. 2) Please contact the after-sales. 3)

8. Key of Symbols

Symbol	Description
	Type BF
	Refer to instruction manual/booklet
%SpO2	The pulse oxygen saturation(%)
PRbpm	Pulse rate (bpm)
	Recyclable
--	1.No finger inserted 2.An indicator of signal inadequacy
+	Battery positive electrode
—	Battery cathode
—	1.Exit standby mode. 2.Change brightness of the screen.
	Serial number
	Prompt inhibit
	International Protection
IP22	WEEE (2012/19/EU)
	

Symbol	Description
	European Representative
	Manufacture Date
	Manufacturer
	Storage and Transport Temperature limitation
	Storage and Transport Humidity limitation
	Storage and Transport Atmospheric pressure limitation
	This side up
	Fragile, handle with care
	Keep dry
	
	This item is compliant with Directive 93/42/EEC of 14 june 1993 concerning medical devices; Including, at 21 march 2010, the amendments by Council Directive 2007/47/EC.
	The battery voltage indication is deficient (change the battery in time avoiding the inexact measure)

Note: Your device may not contain all the following symbols.

9. Function Specification

SpO2 [see note 1]	
Display range	0% ~ 99% 0% ~ 100%
Measured range	70%~100%: $\pm 2\%$; 0%~69%: unspecified.
Accuracy [see note 2]	1%
Resolution	30 bpm ~ 250 bpm 30 bpm ~ 250 bpm
PR	± 2 bpm during the pulse rate range of 30 bpm ~ 99 bpm and $\pm 2\%$ during the pulse rate range of 100 bpm ~ 250 bpm. 1 bpm Low perfusion 0.4%:
Display range	
Measured range	
Accuracy	
[see note 3]	
Resolution	
Accuracy under low perfusion [see note 4]	SpO2: $\pm 4\%$; PR: ± 2 bpm during the pulse rate range of 30 bpm ~ 99 bpm and $\pm 2\%$ during the pulse rate range of 100 bpm ~ 250 bpm.
Light interference	
Pulse intensity	
Optical sensor [see note 5]	Under normal and ambient light conditions, the SpO2 deviation $\leq 1\%$
Red light	Continuous bar graph display, the higher display indicates the stronger pulse.
Infrared light	
Safety class	Wavelength: about 660 nm, optical output power: < 6.65 mW
International Protection	Wavelength: about 905 nm, optical output power: < 6.75 mW
	Internally powered equipment, type BF applied part IP22

Working voltage	DC 2.6 V ~ 3.6 V
Working current	≤ 30 mA
Power supply	1.5 V (AAA size) alkaline batteries $\times 2$
Operation time	The device can continuously work for 20 hours when it was powered by two new batteries within the warranty period.
Dimension and Weight	57(L) \times 31(W) \times 32(H) mm
Dimension	About 50 g (with the batteries)
Weight	

Note 1: The claims of SpO2 accuracy shall be supported by clinical study measurements taken over the full range. By artificial inducing, get the stable oxygen level to the range of 70 % to 100 % SpO2, compare the SpO2 values collected by the secondary standard pulse oximeter equipment and the tested equipment at the same time, to form paired data, which are used for the accuracy analysis.

There are 12 healthy volunteers (male: 6, female: 6; age: 18~50; skin color: black: 2, light: 8, white: 2) data in the clinical report.

Note 2: Because pulse oximeter equipment measurements are statistically distributed, only about two-thirds of pulse oximeter equipment measurements can be expected to fall within ± 1 Arms of the value measured by a CO-OXIMETER.

Note 3: Patient simulator has been used to verify the pulse rate accuracy, it is stated as the root-mean-square difference between the PR measurement value and the value set by simulator.

Note 4: Percentage modulation of infrared signal as the indication of pulsating signal strength, patient simulator has been used to verify its accuracy under conditions of low perfusion. SpO2 and PR values are different due to low signal conditions,

compare them with the known SpO2 and PR values of input signal.

Note 5: Optical sensors as the light-emitting components, will affect other medical devices applied the wavelength range. The information may be useful for the clinicians who carry out the optical treatment. For example, photodynamic therapy operated by clinician.

EMC



Table 1:

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration–electromagnetic emission	
The Pulse Oximeter is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The purchaser or the user of the device should assure that it is used in such environment.	
Emission test	Compliance
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class B

Table 2:

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration-electromagnetic immunity		
The Pulse Oximeter is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The purchaser or the user of the Pulse Oximeter should assure that it is used in such environment.		
Immunity test	IEC60601 test level	Compliance level
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	±8kV contact ±15 kV air 30 A/m	±8kV contact ±15kV air 30A/m
Power frequency (50 / 60Hz) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8		

Table 3:

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic immunity		
The Pulse Oximeter is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer the user of the Pulse Oximeter should assure that it is used in such environment.		
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level
Radiated RF IEC61000-4-3	10 V/m 80 MHz- 2.7 GHz	10 V/m80 MHz- 2.7 GHz
NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies.		
NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.		
a Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the Pulse Oximeter is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the Pulse Oximeter should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as reorienting or relocating the Pulse Oximeter. b Over the frequency range 150 KHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3V/m.		

Table 4:

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration - electromagnetic Immunity							
The [Code SI] is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the Pulse Oximeter should assure that it is used in such an environment							
Radiated RF IEC61000-4-3 (Test specifications for ENCLOSURE PORT IMMUNITY to RF wireless communi- cations equipment)	Test Frequency (MHz)	Band a) (MHz)	Service a) TETRA 400	Modulation b) Pulse	Modulation b) 1,8	Distance 0,3	IMMUNITY TEST LEVEL (V/m)
	385	380-390	GMRS 460, FRS 460	modulation b) 18 Hz FM c)			27
	450	430-470		± 5 kHz 1 kHz sine Pulse	2	0,3	28
	710	704-787	LTE Band 13,17	modulation b) 217 Hz	0,2	0,3	9
	745						
	780						
	810						
	870	800-960	GSM 800/900, TETRA 800, iDEN 820, CDMA 850, LTE Band 5	Pulse modulation b) 18 Hz	2	0,3	28
	930						
	172	1700-1990	GSM 1800; CDMA 1900; GSM 1900; DECT; LTE Band 1, 3,4,25; UMTS	Pulse modulation b) 217 Hz	2	0,3	28
	0						
	184						
	5	2400-2570	Bluetooth, WLAN, 802.11 b/g/n, RFID 2450, LTE Band 7	Pulse modulation b) 217 Hz Pulse	2	0,3	28
	2450						
	0						
	524						
	0	5100-5800	WLAN 802.11 a/n	modulation b) 217 Hz	0,2	0,3	9
	550						
	0						
	578						

NOTE If necessary to achieve the IMMUNITY TEST LEVEL, the distance between the transmitting antenna and the ME EQUIPMENT or ME SYSTEM may be reduced to 1 m. The 1 m test distance is permitted by IEC 61000-4-3.

a) For some services, only the uplink frequencies are included.

b) The carrier shall be modulated using a 50 % duty cycle square wave signal.

c) As an alternative to FM modulation, 50 % pulse modulation at 18 Hz may be used because while it does not represent actual modulation, it would be worst case.

The MANUFACTURER should consider reducing the minimum separation distance, based on RISK MANAGEMENT, and using higher IMMUNITY TEST LEVELS that are appropriate for the reduced minimum separation distance. Minimum separation distances for higher IMMUNITY TEST LEVELS shall be calculated using the following equation:

Where P is the maximum power in W, d is the minimum separation distance in m, and E is the IMMUNITY TEST LEVEL in V/m.

Warning

- 1) Don't near active HF SURGICAL EQUIPMENT and the RF shielded room of an ME SYSTEM for magnetic resonance imaging, where the intensity of EM DISTURBANCES is high.
- 2) Use of this equipment adjacent to or stacked with other equipment should be avoided because it could result in improper operation. If such use is necessary, this equipment and the other equipment should be observed to verify that they are operating normally.
- 3) Use of accessories other than those specified or provided by the manufacturer of this equipment could result in increased electromagnetic emissions or decreased electromagnetic immunity of this equipment and result in improper operation."
- 4) Portable RF communications equipment (including peripherals such as antenna cables and external antennas) should be used no closer than 30 cm (12 inches) to any part of the device including cables specified by the manufacturer. Otherwise, degradation of the performance of this equipment could result.
- 5) Active medical devices are subject to special EMC precautions and they must be

installed and used in accordance with these guidelines.

● When the device is disturbed, the data measured may fluctuate, please measure repeatedly or in another environment to ensure its accuracy.

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